ATTICA MEDIA SRB D.O.O., BEOGRAD

Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2021 and Independent Auditors' Report

ATTICA MEDIA SRB D.O.O., BEOGRAD

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MOORE STEPHENS Revizija i Računovodstvo d.o.o.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

To the Stakeholders of Attica Media SRB d.o.o., Beograd

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements (pages 3 to 22) of Attica Media SRB d.o.o., Beograd (the "Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements. The financial statements have been prepared by management of Company solely to enable the Group to prepare its consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the Group's accounting policies, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the accompanying financial statements. We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements (ISRE) 2400 (Revised), *Engagements to Review Historical Financial Statements*. ISRE 2400 (Revised) requires us to conclude whether anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial statements, taken as a whole, are not prepared in all material respects in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the Group's accounting policies. This Standard also requires us to comply with relevant ethical requirement.

A review of financial statements in accordance with ISRE 2400 (Revised) is a limited assurance engagement. The auditor performs procedures, primarily consisting of making inquiries of management and others within the entity, as appropriate, and applying analytical procedures, and evaluates the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in a review are substantially less then those performed in an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these financial statements.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that these financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and the Group's accounting policies.

Limitation on use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Parent Entity management and the management of the Entity for use in the preparation of the Parent Entity consolidated financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and accordingly, the specified forms state the assets, liabilities, shareholder's equity and revenues and expenses as adjusted for that purpose. These financial statements have not been prepared for use by other parties and may not be appropriate for such use.

Belgrade, 1 March 2022

"MOORE STEPHENS Revizija i Računovodstvo" d.o.o.. Beograd

Marko Filipović
Certified auditor

"MOORE STEPHENS Revizija i Računovodstvo" d.o.o., Beograd

> Bogoljub Aleksić Managing Partner



STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Year Ended December 31, 2021

All amounts are in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

Sales 5 948 794 Cost of sales 6 (437) (342) Gross profit 511 452 Selling and distribution cost 7 (197) (254) Administrative expenses 8 (265) (320) Profit from operation 49 (122) Financial loss 9 (25) (27) Profit / (loss) before income tax 10 24 (149) Deferred tax income / (expenses) 10 (22) (40) NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR 2 (189)			Year Ended De	ecember 31,
Cost of sales 6 (437) (342) Gross profit 511 452 Selling and distribution cost 7 (197) (254) Administrative expenses 8 (265) (320) Profit from operation 49 (122) Financial loss 9 (25) (27) Profit / (loss) before income tax 10 24 (149) Deferred tax income / (expenses) 10 (22) (40)		Notes	2021	2020
Cost of sales 6 (437) (342) Gross profit 511 452 Selling and distribution cost 7 (197) (254) Administrative expenses 8 (265) (320) Profit from operation 49 (122) Financial loss 9 (25) (27) Profit / (loss) before income tax 10 24 (149) Deferred tax income / (expenses) 10 (22) (40)	Sales	5	948	794
Gross profit 511 452 Selling and distribution cost Administrative expenses 7 (197) (254) Administrative expenses 8 (265) (320) Profit from operation 49 (122) Financial loss 9 (25) (27) Profit / (loss) before income tax 10 24 (149) Deferred tax income / (expenses) 10 (22) (40)	Cost of sales	6	(437)	(342)
Administrative expenses 8 (265) (320) (462) (320) (462) Profit from operation 49 (122) Financial loss 9 (25) (27) Profit / (loss) before income tax 10 24 (149) Deferred tax income / (expenses) 10 (22) (40)	Gross profit		511	
Profit from operation 49 (122) Financial loss 9 (25) (27) Profit / (loss) before income tax 10 24 (149) Deferred tax income / (expenses) 10 (22) (40)	Selling and distribution cost	7	(197)	(254)
Profit from operation 49 (122) Financial loss 9 (25) (27) Profit / (loss) before income tax 10 24 (149) Deferred tax income / (expenses) 10 (22) (40)	Administrative expenses	8	(265)	(320)
Financial loss 9 (25) (27) Profit / (loss) before income tax 10 24 (149) Deferred tax income / (expenses) 10 (22) (40)			(462)	(574)
Profit / (loss) before income tax 10 24 (149) Deferred tax income / (expenses) 10 (22) (40)	Profit from operation		49	(122)
Deferred tax income / (expenses) 10 (22) (40)	Financial loss	9	(25)	(27)
	Profit / (loss) before income tax	10	24	(149)
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR 2 (189)	Deferred tax income / (expenses)	10	(22)	(40)
	NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		2	(189)

The accompanying notes on the following pages form an integral part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the General Manager of Attica Media SRB d.o.o., Beograd on February 28, 2022.

Signed on behalf of Attica Media SRB d.o.o., Beograd:

Danijela Jovanovic General Manager Ljubinka Blagojević Chief Financial Officer

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As of December 31, 2021

All amounts are in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

BALANCE SHEET	Notes	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Tangible fixed assets	3.3, 11	28_	28_
Current assets			
Inventory	3.4	10	9
Trade receivables	3.5, 12	310	282
Other receivables		16	16
Other assets	13	130	78
Cash and cash equivalents	3.6, 14	77	163
		543	548
Deferred tax assets	10	<u> </u>	23
TOTAL ASSETS		571	599
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity			
Permanent investment	15	2,358	2,358
Accumulated losses	10	(2,499)	(2,501)
Foreign currency translation reserve		174	174
, storgil samens, trainination receive	2.3	33	31
Long-term liabilities			
Borrowings	3.8, 16	93	187
Other long-term liabilities			6
3		93	193
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	3.7, 17	161	80
Borrowings	3.8, 16	262	258
Accrued liabilities		22	37
		445	375
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		571	599

The accompanying notes on the following pages form an integral part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the General Manager of Attica Media SRB d.o.o., Beograd on February 28, 2022.

Signed on behalf of Attica Media SRB d.o.o., Beograd:

Danijela Jovanovic General Manager BEOGRAD O

Ljubinka Blagojević Chief Financial Officer

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY Year Ended December 31, 2021

All amounts are in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

	Permanent Investment	Accumulated Losses	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Total Equity
Balance, January 1, 2020 Translation difference Net profit for the year	2,358	(2,311) (1) (189)	174 - -	221 (1) (189)
At December 31, 2020	2,358	(2,501)	174	31
Balance, January 1, 2021 Translation difference Net profit for the year	2,358 - 	(2,501)	174 - -	31 - 2
At December 31, 2021	2,358	(2,499)	174	33

The accompanying notes on the following pages form an integral part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the General Manager of Attica Media SRB d.o.o., Beograd on February 28, 2022.

Signed on behalf of Attica Media SRB d.o.o., Beograd:

Danijela Jovanovic General Manager

Ljubinka Blagojević Chief Financial Officer

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Year Ended December 31, 2021

All amounts are in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	2021	2020
Cash receipts from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees and social securities Cash paid to collaborators Interest paid Cash paid to the State (VAT and other taxes)	1,049 (671) (191) (10) (19) (142)	1,061 (746) (126) (12) (18) (90)
Net cash generated by operating activities	16_	69
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases of fixed assets	(9)	(4)
Net cash used in investing activities	(9)	(4)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Borrowings Finance lease	(93)	(54)
Net decrease in cash from financing activities	(93)	(54)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	(86) 163	11 152
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	77	163

The accompanying notes on the following pages form an integral part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the General Manager of Attica Media SRB d.o.o., Beograd on February 28, 2022.

Signed on behalf of Attica Media SRB d.o.o., Beograd:

Danijela Jovanovic General Manager Ljubinka Blagojević Ohief Financial Officer

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS At December 31, 2021

All amounts expressed in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

GENERAL INFORMATION

Attica Media SRB DOO (hereinafter referred to as "the Entity") is a limited liability company, established in Belgrade on November 19, 2004 (the Entity's tax identification number - "PIN" is SR103618033). The Entity is a subsidiary of Attica Publications S.A., a company registered in Greece.

The Entity's registered office is located at the address: Belgrade, Takovska 45. The Entity is represented by the Managing Director Mrs. Danijela Jovanovic.

The operations of Attica Media SRB DOO include the trading and publication of monthly magazines. The Entity publishes the Serbian Edition of the Italian magazines Grazia, and Serbian edition of the U.S. title Harper's Bazaar and websites.

In 2021 the company manage to improve signifantly the results passing from the loss of 189K of last years, to break even.

The increase is related to better conditions in the Serbian advertising market

As at December 31, 2021 the total number of the Entity's employees was 17 (December 31, 2020: 10 employees).

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOUNTING CONVENTION

2.1. Statements of compliance

The financial statements of the Entity have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for small and medium-sized entities as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

2.2. Basis of Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

The functional currency of the Entity in the Republic of Serbia is Serbian Dinar (RSD). For the purpose of presenting financial statements into the presentation currency EUR, the Entity's assets and liabilities are expressed in EUR using exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are classified as equity and recognized in the Entity's foreign currency translation reserve.

2.3. Going Concern

For the last several years, the Entity has been doing more and more effectively. As at 31 December 2021, the entity's current assets are higher than current liabilities. Positive business has led to the total assets of the Entity exceeding their total liabilities. All this indicates that the Entity can continue to operate in accordance with the going concern assumption, so that the owners no longer have the need or obligation to provide financial support.

3. SUMMARY OF SINGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1. Revenue

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

3.1.1. Sales of goods

Revenues derived from the sale of goods are recognized when the risks and rewards associated with the right of ownership are transferred to the customer.

At December 31, 2021

All amounts expressed in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

3. SUMMARY OF SINGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.1. Revenue (Continued)

3.1.1. Sales of goods (Continued)

The Group policy concerning revenue recognition is as follows:

Revenue from circulation: the revenues have to be included in the Entity's P&L as of the date of the first
magazines sold, the base of assumption is that most of the copies are sold during the first week of sale,
accordingly revenues from the sale of January (cover) issue are included in previous year results.

3.1.2. Rendering of services

Revenue from services rendered is recognized by reference to the state of completion of the transaction as at the balance sheet date, if that stage can be reliably measured, as well as the costs incurred on and the costs to complete the transaction. The stage of completion is determined following analysis of the completed work.

Revenues from advertisement services are recognized when the respective advertisements are published.

No revenue is recognized when significant doubt exists regarding the recovery of the amount due, the related costs or when there is probability for the goods to be returned.

3.1.3. Interest

Interest income is recognized as the interest accrues (using the effective interest rate method that is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument) to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

3.2. Barter transactions

Barter transactions related to exchange of dissimilar advertising services are recognized in the income statement at the fair value of the advertising services that the Entity provides in a barter transaction, by reference to non-barter transactions that involve advertising similar to the advertising in the barter transaction; occur frequently and do not involve same counterparty as in the barter transaction.

Revenue from barter transactions (advertising space in the magazines provided in exchange for goods and services) are recognized as income when commercials are published, and merchandise or service received are charged to expense or capitalized as appropriate when received or used.

3.3. Tangible fixed assets

Equipment is stated at cost, including their purchase price and all costs to the commissioning of the asset less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows:

Description	Depreciation rates p.a.
Computer equipment	20%
Other equipment	15 - 20%

The carrying values of equipment are reviewed for impairment when events change or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indications exist and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amount. Impairment losses and reversal of impairment losses reported in prior periods are taken to the income statement. The recoverable amount of equipment is the greater of net selling price and value in use.

The Entity's management believes that in 2021 no circumstances existed that would result in impairment of equipment; accordingly, no impairment losses were recorded in 2021.

At December 31, 2021

All amounts expressed in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

3. SUMMARY OF SINGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.4. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to complete this asset and the estimated costs to make the sale.

Inventories mainly includes gadgets that have not been utilized in 2021 and will be inserted in the magazines in next financial years.

As the Group policy prescribes the inventory related to the unsold copies had been impaired to zero value.

3.5. Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are presented and carried at the amount of the originally issued invoice, less any allowance for any uncollectible amounts.

The estimate of doubtful and uncollectible amounts is made when the collectability of the total amount is no longer probable. Uncollectible receivables are fully written down when identified.

3.6. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash in hand and cash held at current accounts with domestic banks.

3.7. Payables to suppliers and other payables

Payables to suppliers and other current payables are stated at the original invoice amount (acquisition cost), which is considered as the fair value of the transaction and will be paid in the future for the goods and services received.

3.8. Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognized at cost, being the fair value of the consideration received net of issue costs associated with the borrowing.

After initial recognition, borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any issue costs, and any discount or premium on settlement.

3.9. Income tax - Current and Deferred

Current Income Taxes

Income tax is payable at the rate of 15% on the tax base reported in the annual corporate income tax return as reduced by any applicable tax credits. The taxable base stated in the income tax return includes the profit shown in the statutory statement of income, as adjusted for differences that are specifically defined under statutory tax rules.

The tax regulations of the Republic of Serbia do not envisage that any tax losses of the current period be used to recover taxes paid within a specific carry back period. However, current period tax losses may be used to reduce or eliminate taxes to be paid in future periods for duration of no longer than five ensuing years. Tax losses incurred before January 1, 2010 are available for carry forward for duration of ten ensuing years.

Deferred Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes are provided using the balance sheet liability method, for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values in the financial statements. The currently enacted tax rates or the substantively enacted rates at the balance sheet date are used to determine the deferred income tax amount. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, and the tax effects of income tax losses and credits are available for carry forward, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available, against which the deductible temporary differences and the tax loss/credits of the carry forwards can be utilized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS At December 31, 2021

All amounts expressed in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

3. SUMMARY OF SINGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.9. Income tax - Current and Deferred (Continued)

Deferred Income Taxes (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities shall be measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. As of December 31, 2021, deferred tax assets and liabilities were measured at the rate of 15% (December 31, 2020: 15%).

Indirect Taxes and Contributions

Indirect taxes and contributions include property taxes and various other taxes and contributions paid pursuant to republic and municipal regulations.

3.10. Financial instruments

The Entity's financial instruments, other than trade debtors and trade creditors which arise directly from its operations, are cash and loans payable. The main risks arising from these financial instruments are foreign currency risks, interest rate risk and credit risk.

Foreign currency risk

The Entity enters into transactions denominated in foreign currencies related to its operating activities; as a result of outstanding at the balance sheet date amount payable in US dollars, Euro and GBP the Entity's balance sheet can be affected by movements in these exchange rates. The Entity does not use any special financial instruments to hedge against these risks.

Credit risk

The Entity is exposed to credit risk in the event where its customers from the sale of services and magazines fail to meet their payment obligations. The Entity's policy is to trade with recognized, creditworthy third parties. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Entity's exposure to bed debts is not significant. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk.

Interest rate risk

The Entity's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates to the Entity's interest-bearing loans and borrowings, payable to the parent company, which is at fixed interest rate. Therefore, the Entity is not exposed to material interest rate risk.

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, interest bearing loans and borrowings approximates their carrying value.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATIONS

In the application of the Entity's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the Management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

At December 31, 2021

All amounts expressed in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATIONS (Continued)

4.1. Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

4.2. Impairment of trade receivables

Impairment for doubtful accounts is calculated based on estimated losses resulting from the inability of our customers to make required payments. The management estimates are based on the aging of account receivables balance and historical write-off experience, customer creditworthiness and changes in customer payment terms when evaluating the adequacy of the impairment loss for doubtful accounts. These involve assumptions about future customer behaviour and the resulting future cash collections. The management believes that there is no additional impairment provision required to be recognized in these financial statements.

4.3. Fair Value

The fair value of financial instruments for which no active market exists is assessed by means of appropriate methods. The Group applies professional judgment in selecting appropriate methods and assumptions. The methods used for measuring the fair value of financial instruments are presented in note 19.

5.	SALES

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2021	2020
Sale of magazines:		
- Grazia	19	21
- Esquire	-	-
- Harper's Bazaar	55	75
- Marie Claire	<u>-</u>	(2)
	74	94
Advertising services on the domestic market:		
- Grazia	123	100
- Esquire	-	13
- Harper's Bazaar	285	318
- Marie Claire	-	-
	409	431
Other	465_	269
	948	794

6. COST OF SALES

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2021	2020
Salaries	115	35
Printing cost	125	123
Editorial/Production cost	133	123
Freelancer	10	13
Royalties	32	37
Other	22	11
	437	342

All amounts expressed in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

SELLING AND DISTI	RIBUTION COST	
-------------------------------------	---------------	--

Year Ended December 31,	
2021	2020
	3
197	239
	12
197	254

8. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2021	2020
Salaries	77	88
Postage costs	3	3
Rent	32	29
Consulting services	71	117
Audit services	4	4
Depreciation and amortization	9	10
Telephones and Internet cost	7	6
Write-off of receivables	20	24
Maintenance costs	12	13
Office supplies and utilities costs	1	2
Costs of fuel and energy	8	3
Business trips expenses	_	2
Transportation costs	1	2
Fees and taxes	2	-
Other expenses	18	17
	265	320

9. FINANCIAL LOSS

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2021_	2020
Interest expense (net)	23	29
Foreign exchanging gain/loss (net)	2	(2)
	25	27

10. INCOME TAXES

a) Components of Income Taxes

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2021	2020
Deferred tax expenses	22	40
	22	40

At December 31, 2021

All amounts expressed in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

10. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

b) Numerical Reconciliation of the Tax Expense and the Product of Accounting Results as Multiplied by the Statutory Income Tax Rate

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Net profit/(loss) before taxation	24	(149)
Income taxes at the statutory tax rate of 15% Tax effects of un-deductible expenses	4	:
Tax losses from previous years used in the current year Tax loss available to carry-forward recognized in the current year	(4)	(149)
can the year		
c) Deferred Tax Assets		
Deferred tax assets	2021	2020
Tax losses available for carry-forward		22
Net deferred tax assets		22

Deferred tax assets are recognized for the tax effects of income tax losses available for carry-forward, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available, against which the deductible temporary differences and the tax losses available for carry-forward can be utilized.

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Computers	Other equipment	Total
Cost	Computers	счиртст	Total
Balance, January 1, 2020	126	93	219
Additions	1	3	4
Disposals	-	-	
Balance, December 31, 2020	127	96	223
Disposals	-	•	-
Additions	5	4	9
Balance, December 31, 2021	132	100	232
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance, January 1, 2020	115	70	185
Disposals		-	-
Charge for the year	3	7	10
Balance, December 31, 2020	118	77	195
Charge for the year	3	6	9
Balance, December 31, 2021	121	83	204
Net Book Value at:			
- December 31, 2021	11	17	28
- December 31, 2020	9	19	28

All amounts expressed in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

12. TRADE RECEIVABLES

2021	2020
263	242
47	40
	-
310	282
	263 47

13. OTHER ASSETS

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Prepaid expenses Un-invoiced receivables	115 15	49 29
	130	78

14. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Current accounts:	1	
- in RSD	25	121
- in foreign currencies	52	42
	77	163

15. PERMANENT INVESTMENT

As of December 31, 2021, the capital amounts to EUR 2,358 thousand and is allocated among owners as follows:

- Attica Publications S.A. Greece 2,144,276 EUR
- Simeon Tshomokos Cyprus 213,394 EUR

As of December 31, 2021, subscribed and paid-in capital were as follows:

	% of stake	Subscribed Capital December 31, 2021	Paid in Capital December 31, 2020
Attica Publications S.A Greece Simeon Tsomokos - Cyprus	90.95 9.05	2,144,276 213,394	2,144,276 213,394
	100.00	2,357,670	2,357,670
16. BORROWINGS		December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Current Non-current		262 93	258 187
		355	445

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS At December 31, 2021

All amounts expressed in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

16. BORROWINGS (Continued)

Long-term borrowings

The structure of long-term borrowings as of December 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020 is presented in the following table:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Borrowing from banks – Direktna Banka a.d., Beograd	93	187
	93	187

Short-term borrowings

The structure of short-term borrowings as of December 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020 is presented in the following table:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Borrowing from banks - Direktna Banka a.d., Beograd	-	-
(current portion)	94	98
Attica Publications S.A., Athens	168	160_
	262	258

Loan from Piraeus Bank a.d., Beograd was approved to the Entity in December 2011 in the amount of EUR 500 thousand with the repayment period one year at the interest rate of 3M EURIBOR + 6% p.a. In January 2013, Annex 1 of the loan contract was concluded between the bank and the Entity which extended maturity date of the loan up to January 8, 2016. The loan repayment is securitized by the guarantee issued by Piraeus Bank S.A., Athens valid up to June 17, 2018, based on the last Annex concluded. On 29 September 2017 the Entity agreed with Piraeus to transform the loan in local currency (RSD) with an interest rate which is 3M BELIBOR + 5,5% p.a. and to start repaying the credit line every trimester, starting December 2017 of 10.000 EUR. The repayment will last till 31.12.2020 when in total the Entity will have repaid 150.000 EUR. As of January 21, 2021, the Company signed annex 6 with the bank (new name Direktna banka) in which it is agreed that the repayment will last till 31.12.2023. Repayment will be done in 36 monthly instalments starting from 31.01.2021. As of January 2022, the company is applied for extension of loan for period of 24 instalments, meaning till the 31.12.2025.

In June 2005 the Entity received an intercompany loan from the Parent company (Attica Publications S.A.) amounting to EUR 200 thousand at the interest rate of 5% p.a. As per the Annex to the Borrowing Agreement executed between the Entity and Attica Publications S.A. on June 23, 2006, maturity date has been extended until December 26, 2009. The Entity received two new tranches of the loan in the amount of EUR 25 thousand and EUR 16 thousand in April and November 2014, respectively. In November 2014, new Annex to the Borrowing Agreement was concluded and December 31, 2015, was agreed as a new maturity date for repayment of the loan. Interests on the loan is not paid but capitalized to the principal (capitalized interest for the year 2016 amounts to EUR 19). The Entity repay the intercompany loan 170.000 EUR in 2019. As of July 31, 2019, the Company signed annex 5 with parent company in which it is confirmed outstanding balance and the period of repayment till 31.12.2020. The Entity agreed with Attica Publications to extend the repayment plan due to the effect on cash flow caused by pandemic and will resume repay once the business conditions will stabilize.

At December 31, 2021

All amounts expressed in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

13
54
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12
80
2020
0,00
0,00
6,188
6,188
(6,188)
cember 31,
2020
0,00
0,00
-
-
1,190
1,190
1,190
160,017
161,207

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

19.1. Capital risk management

There is no formal capital risk management framework implemented in the Entity. The Management focuses on capital risk on a case basis to mitigate risks and ensure that the Entity will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance. The capital structure of the Entity consists of equity attributable to equity holders, comprising issued capital (permanent investments), as disclosed in note 15, and accumulated loss.

The persons controlling finances review the capital structure on an annual basis. As a part of this review the Management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on this review, the Entity will balance its overall capital structure through the further decrease of accumulated loss. The Entity's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2008.

At December 31, 2021

All amounts expressed in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The gearing ratios of the Company as of the year-end were as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Debt (a) Cash and cash equivalents	355 	445 163
Net indebtedness	278	282
Equity b)	33	31
Debt to equity ratio	8,42	9,10

- a) Debt is related to long-term and short-term borrowings.
- b) Equity includes permanent investments, foreign currency translation reserve and accumulated loss.

19.2. Significant accounting policies

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the recognition criteria, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognized, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements.

19.3. Categories of financial instruments

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	77	163
Trade receivables	310	282
	387	445
Financial liabilities		
Trade payables	161	80
Borrowings	355	445
	516	525

19.4. Financial risk management objectives

The Entity's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. These risks include credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including foreign currency exchange risk and interest rate risk). The Entity does not use derivative financial instruments or any other form of hedges against these risks.

There is no formal risk management framework implemented in the Entity. The Management focuses mainly on credit risk, liquidity risk and foreign currency exchange risk and acts on a case basis to mitigate risks and minimize losses. However, such activities, on as needed basis, may be not entirely effective, and therefore it cannot be precluded that fluctuations in the risk variables, might have some adverse effects on the operations, financial position and financial performance of the Entity.

Foreign currency risk exposure is measured using the sensitivity analysis. There has been no change in the manner in which the Entity mitigates and measures the risk.

Foreign currency risk

Currency risks arise on account of financial instruments being denominated in a currency that is not the functional currency and being of a monetary nature; differences resulting from the translation of financial statements into the Entity's functional currency are not taken into consideration. Relevant risk variables are generally all nonfunctional currencies in which the Entity has financial instruments.

At December 31, 2021

All amounts expressed in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The book value of financial assets and liabilities of the Entity denominated in foreign currency as of the reporting dates is as follows:

	Asse	ts	Liabil	ities
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
RSD	100	82	223	161

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Entity's sensitivity to a 10% increase and decrease in the functional currency against the non-functional foreign currency (RSD). The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for 10% change in foreign currency rates of RSD currency, with all other variables remaining constant.

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		
	RSD impac	RSD impact		ct	
	+10%	-10%	+10%	-10%	
Profit or (loss)	(12)	12	(8)	8	

Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The Entity's sensitivity to foreign currency has been primarily driven by RSD denominated accounts receivables and accounts payable.

The amounts generated from the sensitivity analysis are forward-looking estimates of foreign currency exchange risk assuming certain market conditions. Actual results in the future may differ materially from those projected results due to the inherent uncertainty of global and local financial markets. The methods and assumptions used are the same as those applied in the previous reporting period.

19.5. Interest rate risk

The Entity is exposed to the risk from movements in interest rates inherent in liabilities linked to variable interest rates. Such risk depends upon the financial market and the Entity does not have instruments which may mitigate its effects.

The carrying values of financial assets and liabilities at the end of the period under review were as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Financial assets	11 11 11 11 11 11	
Non-interest bearing Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables	77 310 387	163 282 445
Financial liabilities Non-interest bearing Trade payables	161	80
Fixed interest rate Borrowings	355	445
Variable interest rate Borrowings	516	- 525

At December 31, 2021

All amounts expressed in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

19.6. Credit risk

The Entity was exposed to credit risk inherent in the possibility that debtors may not be able to settle their liabilities to the Entity when due and in full, which could lead to financial loss for the Entity. The Entity's exposure to this risk is limited to accounts receivable as of the balance sheet date.

The most significant customers, gross is presented in the following table:

	2021	<u></u> %
Media Pool d.o.o. Beograd	33	10%
Valentina Gurova	28	9%
Fashion Company doo	27	9%
Merin Asset Managment doo	24	8%
Centrosinergija doo	24	8%
Zdravstvena ustanova Apoteka Lilly Drogerie	22	7%
Other	152	49%
	310	100%

The structure of accounts receivable as of December 31, 2021, is presented in the following table:

	Gross Exposure	Allowance for Impairment	Net Exposure
Accounts receivable not matured	250	_	250
Matured accounts receivable, provided for	_	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	-
Matured accounts receivable, not provided for	60		60
	310	<u> </u>	310

The structure of accounts receivable as of December 31, 2020 is presented in the following table:

	Gross Exposure	Allowance for Impairment	Net Exposure
Accounts receivable not matured	177	-	177
Matured accounts receivable, provided for	-	-	
Matured accounts receivable, not provided for	105		105
	282		282

Matured accounts receivable, not provided for

The age structure of matured accounts receivable, not provided for is presented in the following table:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Up to 90 days	19	62
91 to 180 days	17	4
181 to 365 days	8	21
Over 365 days	16	18
	60	105

All amounts expressed in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

19.7. Liquidity risk

Responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Entity's Management, which is responsible for the management of the Entity's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Entity manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves, by borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Liquidity and interest risk tables

The following tables present details of outstanding contractual maturities of financial assets. The amounts presented are based on the undiscounted cash flows arising from financial assets at the earliest collection date.

Maturities of financial assets

	Up to one month	From one month to three months	From three months to six months	From six months to one year	Over one year	Total
2021						
Non-interest bearing	327	19_	17	8	16	387
	327	19	17	8	16	387
2020						
Non-interest bearing	340	62	4	21	18	445
	340	62	4	21	18	445

Maturities of financial liabilities

The following table details the Entity's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Entity can be required to pay.

	Up to one month	From one month to three months	From three months to six months	From six months to one year	Over one year	Total
2021						
Non-interest bearing	161	-	/ = c		-	161
Fixed interest rate	169	23	23	47	93	355
Variable interest rate						
	330	23	23	47	93	516
2020						
Non-interest bearing	-	80	-	_	-	80
Fixed interest rate	160	25	25	48	187	445
Variable interest rate						-
	160	105	25	48	187	525

19.8. Fair values

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined taking into account the assumption that the book value of receivables and payables balances approximates to fair value due to their relatively short maturities.

All amounts expressed in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise stated

20. LITIGATIONS

The Company has filed several legal suits against third parties for which bad debt provisions have been formed and included in the financial statements as of December 31, 2021. Moreover, as of that date there were four legal suits involving the Company as a defendant with former employees. Based on the management's estimates, no provisions were made in respect thereof.

21. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Since December 31, 2021, there have been no events that would require adjustments to or additional disclosures in the Entity's financial statements or notes to the financial statements.

22. TAXATION RISKS

The Republic of Serbia tax legislation is subject to different interpretations and changes occur frequently. The interpretation of tax legislation by tax authorities as applied to the transactions and activity of the Entity may not coincide with that of the management. As a result, transactions may be challenged by tax authorities and the Entity may be assessed additional taxes, penalties and interest, which can be significant. The periods remain open to review by the tax authorities with respect to tax liabilities for five years.

23. EXCHANGE RATES

The official exchange rates for major currencies used in the translation of the balance sheet components denominated in foreign currencies, into EUR were as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
1000 RSD	8,5047	8,5048
1000 GBP	1,192.8907	1,109.0166
1000 USD	883,8607	813,6038

These financial statements were approved by the General Manager of Attica Media SRB d.o.o., Beograd on February 28, 2022.

Signed on behalf of Attica Media SRB d.o.o., Beograd:

Danijela Jovanovic General Manager

Liyoinka Blagojević Gnief Financial Officer